

THE EUROPEAN DIRECTORATE FOR THE QUALITY OF MEDICINES & HEALTHCARE (EDQM)



EDQM's Vision and Expectations for the IMWP

"Meet the World Pharmacopoeias"
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STRUCTURE

Who we are

The European Pharmacopoeia – the example of successful regional harmonisation

Challenges in pharmacopoeial harmonisation

IMWP achievements and future challenges

Priorities of the European Pharmacopoeia Commission

The Council of Europe

COUNCIL OF EUROPE



CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE

- Founded in 1949
- Headquarters in Strasbourg, France
- **47 MEMBER STATES**
⇒ >820 millions citizens
- The oldest pan-European organisation dedicated to fostering co-operation in Europe
 - Promotes **DEMOCRACY**
 - Protects **HUMAN RIGHTS**
 - Protects **THE RULE OF LAW**



Member states



European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines & HealthCare

- A Council of Europe Directorate, based on the Convention on the Elaboration of a European Pharmacopoeia (PA, 1964)
- Mission: to contribute to a basic human right: access to **GOOD QUALITY MEDICINES AND HEALTHCARE**

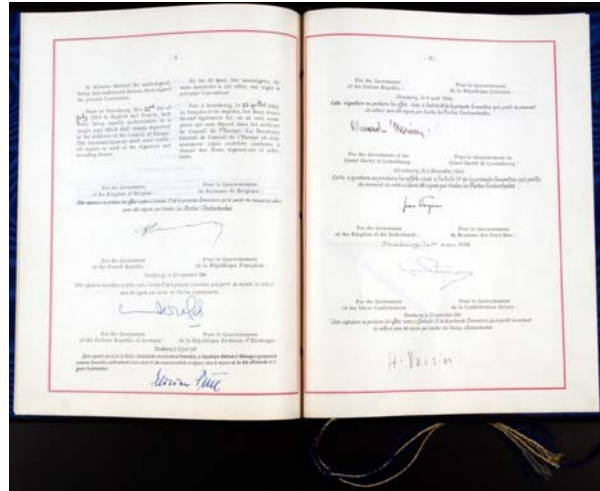


Ph. Eur. Convention

Article 1:

The Contracting Parties undertake:

- progressively to **ELABORATE** a Pharmacopoeia which shall be common to the countries concerned and which shall be entitled "European Pharmacopoeia";
- to take the necessary measures to ensure that the monographs which will be adopted... and which will constitute the European Pharmacopoeia shall become the **OFFICIAL STANDARDS** applicable within their respective countries.



Strasbourg, 22. July 1964

The global impact of the EDQM's activities in 2020



► Member and observer states of the Ph. Eur., including WHO and TFDA (February 2020)

39 member states and the EU
29 observers (Uzbekistan in 2018)

Harmonisation – Why ?

- Global market: Pharmaceutical supply chain is GLOBALISED
- Harmonisation helps to increase AVAILABILITY of medicines, makes industry more efficient
 - Better able to serve multiple markets with the same processes and plants
 - Elimination of redundant testing
 - Minimises duplication of testing requirements
- Harmonisation helps to STRENGTHEN pharmacopoeias - strong, state-of-the-art standards reflecting the global reality
- Ultimately to the benefit of PATIENTS!

International Collaboration

- Ph.Eur.: successful model of work-sharing and harmonisation between currently 39 COUNTRIES, but based on strong political will and legal commitment
- EDQM, USP and the Japanese Pharmacopoeia, with WHO as an observer, are PDG PARTNERS
- Bilateral Agreements/MoUs with pharmacopoeia authorities on COLLABORATION and EXCHANGES (e.g. ANVISA, ChP, PMDA/MHLW, USP, WHO..) and confidentiality arrangements with authorities from around the world
- INVOLVEMENT of observers in the elaboration of texts
- GLOBAL HARMONISATION (Good Pharmacopoeial Practices): EDQM together with PDG partners key player in International Meeting of World Pharmacopoeias (IMWP)



Interactions with National and European Authorities

- European Union: **SIGNATORY** party to Convention on the elaboration of a European Pharmacopoeia
- EU **DECIDES** on behalf of EU member states in all non-technical issues of European Pharmacopoeia Commission
- European Medicines Agency (EMA) **PARTICIPATES** in sessions of Ph. Eur. **COMMISSION** and working parties of interest
- EDQM participates in relevant EMA **COMMITTEES** and working parties
- NCAs (licensing authorities, inspectorates, OMCLs, national pharmacopoeia authorities) actively participate in Ph.Eur. Commission and its groups of experts and working parties, **NOMINATED** by their government
- **CONFIDENTIALITY** arrangement with European Commission/EMA
-

Interaction with Stakeholders, including Regulators



Participation of **ALL** stakeholders vital for development of authoritative and relevant Ph.Eur. monographs:

- Publication of Ph.Eur. **work programme** and state of work of each Ph.Eur. text on internet
- Publication for consultation of new and revised **texts** in Pharmeuropa online
- Hearings/Workshops/Conferences with **regulators** and/or industry
- Annual **bilateral** meetings with trade associations
- Organisation of **training** sessions (at least 2 per year)
- EDQM **Helpdesk** (for submission of information, requests (e.g. revision proposals), questions)...

The European Pharmacopoeia

- An (if not *the*) example of a successful regional pharmacopoeial **COOPERATION** and **HARMONISATION**
- Technical decisions taken by consensus
- Some key success factors: strong political will, common legal basis, convergent/ harmonised regulatory environment
→ *Feasibility at an international level?*



30 years of PDG in 2019....

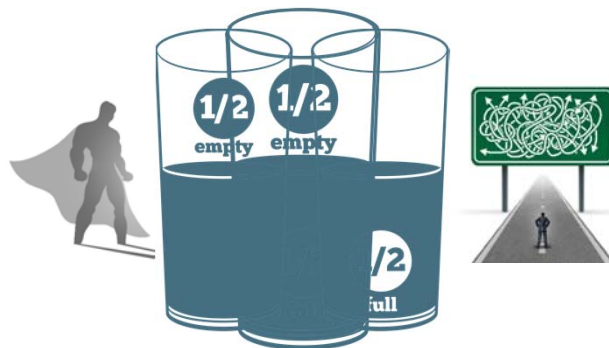
First of all **Congratulations !**



30 YEARS ANNIVERSARY

30 years of PDG in 2019....

Now.... How would you describe PDG achievements?



A little bit of both

Challenges for Pharmacopoeial Harmonisation - the PDG Example -

- Different, and even sometimes divergent **REGULATORY** environments and constraints
- Different **HISTORY** and working principles
- Different **DECISION** making processes
- Diverse **SOURCE** materials used in pharmaceutical manufacturing

→ make harmonisation difficult ...



Different, and even sometimes divergent regulatory environments and constraints, e.g.

- **Heparin Case in 2008:** PDG pharmacopoeias committed to come up with a harmonised approach,
but: regulatory authorities in the three regions not fully aligned, but requesting pharmacopoeia to stay aligned with them
- **Proposed policy change** on Reporting Threshold in USP–NF Monographs following request by FDA: not aligned between regulators, will create havoc for pharmacopoeial harmonisation, including PDG signed-off texts
- ...

Different, and even sometimes divergent regulatory environments and constraints

- Importance of relationship between individual **PHARMACOPOEIAS** and **REGULATORS**
- Importance of relationship and alignment between **REGULATORS**, e.g. via ICH, IPRP or bilateral agreements
- Example of the EDQM / Ph. Eur.:
 - One 3rd of Ph. Eur. **EXPERTS** are from CAs
 - EDQM **OBSERVER** to QWP, BWP, etc... and vice versa



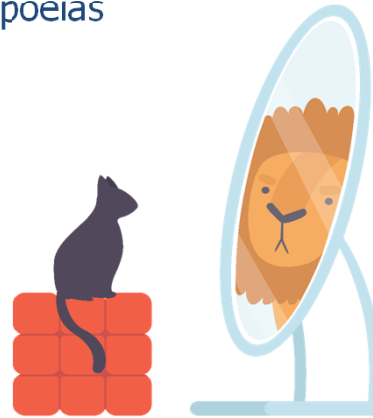
Different history and working principles

Not much we can do on our **HISTORY**, but for the rest...

Informal PDG process “**woven**” into the formal processes and committee structures of the three participating pharmacopoeias

PDG reforms **APPROVED** in 2017 :

- **Restructuring** meeting format to engage more at the technical level and introduce more direct exchange between the experts in the regions
- **Streamlining** of working procedure, reducing complexity => elimination of two stages to increase efficiency and improve focus.
- **Strategic review** of harmonization areas and individual work items currently in progress and for future consideration still ongoing.
- **Cleaning** of the work programme => identification of items to be considered outside of PDG (e.g. bilateral discussion)



Different decision making processes

 **Transparency is key!**

PDG to remain committed to be **TRANSPARENT**:

- Towards other Pharmacopoeias:
 - Discussion on how information on progress made by the PDG should be **SHARED** amongst the PDG member pharmacopoeias and other pharmacopoeias participating in the International Meeting of World Pharmacopoeias (IMWP)
- Towards other harmonisation initiatives:
 - New **MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE** on the ICH Q4B Annexes Adopted by the ICH Assembly
- Towards users:
 - PDG harmonisation policy under **REVIEW** to provide additional **CLARITY** to users.



Diverse source materials used in pharmaceutical manufacturing

PRIORITISATION scheme for excipient monographs and general chapter:

- **Strategic review** conducted of 10 excipient monographs and 5 general chapters
- **Extension** to remaining general chapters
- **Discussion** for excipient monographs continues!

And with a little help from our partners... set the **RIGHT PRIORITIES!**



So is there a future for the IMWP?

- An important platform to get to **KNOW** peers, build **TRUST** amongst pharmacopoeias, **EXCHANGE** knowledge and expertise, discuss modes of cooperation....
- Chose a “bottom up” **APPROACH**: agreed on principles first, e.g. monograph development, **TRANSPARENCY**, stakeholder **CONSULTATION** etc., enshrined in “**Good Pharmacopoeial Practices**”
- Already in place: **ALERTING** sister pharmacopoeias in case of incidents/crisis, e.g. nitrosamine contamination, to foster application of harmonised (re)action
- To be further formalised via **Pharmacopoeial Alert System**

So is there a future for the IMWP?

- Stay **REALISTIC**: challenges already faced by PDG have different dimension for IMWP as much larger/much more diverse membership, but take lessons **LEARNT** by PDG into account
- Pharmacopoeias to **LIAISE** with their regulatory counterparts to encourage regulatory **ALIGNMENT**
- PDG committed to support international convergence of quality standards by **LIAISING** with other world pharmacopoeias (e.g. via IMWP) and by **SHARING KNOWLEDGE**

The Ph. Eur.'s Position

- New chair and vice-chairs **ELECTED** in 2019 for 3 year mandate
- Presidium (chair, two vice chairs, EDQM director and secretary to the Ph. Eur. Commission) has finalised its **PRIORITIES** for the next 3 years, to be discussed/adopted by the Ph. Eur. Commission in March 2020
- Pharmacopoeial Harmonisation is **HIGH** on their agenda!



The Ph. Eur.'s Vision

“The Ph. Eur., via its Secretariat, is **ACTIVELY** engaged in a number of international harmonisation **INITIATIVES** such as:

- bilateral **HARMONISATION** efforts with other pharmacopoeias (especially prospective harmonisation of APIs and FPMs);
- Pharmacopoeial Discussion Group (**PDG**);
- the International Meeting of World Pharmacopoeias (**IWMP**), a WHO initiative, whose primary **ACHIEVEMENT** to date is the ‘**Good Pharmacopoeial Practices’ guidelines (GPhP)** that will serve as a basis for work-sharing and collaboration between the pharmacopoeias of the world.

In an increasingly globalised world, the need for global quality standards has become ever more pressing. Such **NEEDS** are regularly expressed by stakeholders, particularly industry, during conferences, for example. International **COOPERATION** and **HARMONISATION** will therefore remain a **PRIORITY** for the next 3 years.”

Thank you for your attention



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